Contents

1. Program Overview
   a. Message from the Director of Graduate Studies 3
   b. Goals and Objectives of the Master’s and Ph.D. Programs 4
   c. Graduate Studies in Integrative Biology and Physiology 4
   d. Graduate Program and Graduate School Commitment to Diversity 4
   e. IBP Department History 5
   f. IBP Department Location and Staff Contact Information 6

2. Program Contents
   a. Graduate Student Orientation 7
   b. Advisor Selection 7
   c. Class Registration 7-8

3. IBP Curriculum/Degree Requirements
   a. Curriculum 9-10
   b. Lab rotations 10
   c. The Preliminary Written Examination (PWE) 11
   d. The preliminary Oral Examination (POE) 11-13
   e. The Thesis Defense 13-14
   f. Determination of Student’s Progress 14
   g. Thesis Research 15-16
   h. Roles and Responsibilities of the Thesis Advisor 16-17
   i. Roles and Responsibilities of the Graduate Student 17

4. Master’s Degree Requirements
   a. Degree Requirements 19
   b. Change of Status / Readmission Application 19

5. Graduation Information
   c. Graduation Application Deadlines 19
   d. Commencement Information 20

6. Miscellaneous
   a. Graduation Student Leadership 20
   b. Health Insurance for Graduate Assistants 20
   c. Serving as a Graduate Assistant and Related Financial Matters 20
   d. Stipend and Fee Payments 20
   e. Lab Safety Training 20
   f. Responsible Conduct of Research 21
   g. Frequently Asked Questions 21-22
   h. Where to Ask for Help at UMN Twin Cities 22-23
   i. Sexual Harassment Statement 23

Appendix A - IBP Graduate Faculty 24-26
Appendix B – Graduate Course Options 27-328
Appendix C – Supporting Program/Minor Course Options 29-30
Appendix D – Sample PhD Curriculum 31
Appendix E – Sample MD/PhD Curriculum 32
Appendix F – Year by Year Grad Student Checklists 33-34
Appendix G – Lab Rotation Expectations Form 35
Appendix H – Lab Rotation Assessment Form 36
Appendix I – Graduate School Degree Completion Steps 37
1

Integrative Biology and Physiology (IBP) Graduate Program Overview

a. Message from the IBP Director of Graduate Studies (DGS):

Welcome! Physiology may be defined as the application of mathematics, physics and chemistry to the study of structure and function in living systems. As such, physiology is a “hybrid” field in which expertise from many other disciplines is ordinarily required and combined.

The program emphasizes a quantitative approach to understanding the functions of cells, organs and systems in living animals. PhD students take a core concentration that provides a broad background in the physiology of membranes, cells, transport and organ systems. Individualized programs are structured to build on the student’s strengths and to fill in gaps that would otherwise be an impediment to specific problem solving.

Areas of specialization include a growing cardiovascular core and other areas as well. We are glad you are in the IBP Graduate Program and wish you success in your endeavors!

- Catherine Kotz, Director of Graduate Studies

The IBP Graduate Program handbook provides information on requirements, policies and logistics in the IBP department, the University and the Graduate School. The information provided in this handbook should be used as a supplement to the University’s Graduate Student Handbook. IBP Graduate Students should become familiar with the following University guidelines and resources:

- [Graduate School (grad.umn.edu)](https://grad.umn.edu)
- [University Catalogs – Graduate Education](https://catalog.umn.edu/graduate)
- Prospective Students: [Graduate School Admissions](https://grad.umn.edu/admissions)
- Current Students: [Graduate Student Services and Progress (GSSP)](https://grad.umn.edu/student-services)
- [One Stop Student Services (onestop.umn.edu/academics)](https://onestop.umn.edu/academics)
- [Graduate Assistant Employment Services](https://grad.umn.edu/employment)
- [Counsel of Graduate Students](https://grad.umn.edu/counsel)

For any questions that are not addressed in this handbook, students should contact

**Human Resources information:** Christopher Denu, 612-625-2876 or denux002@umn.edu

**Academic Information:** Catherine Kotz, kotzx004@umn.edu

**Other questions:** Jane Mayhew Barnard 612-624-8151 or mayhe001@umn.edu
b. Goals and Objectives of the Master’s and PhD Programs in IBP

Dedicated to an integrative systems biology approach to biomedical discovery.
We partner with colleagues across disciplines to investigate questions ranging from the gene/molecule to the whole animal, striving for excellence in research and dissemination of new knowledge with local, national, and global impact.

Committed to mentoring and training graduate students.
We empower students to develop a deep understanding of the complexity of physiological systems to enable them to pursue unique career pathways spanning from academia to bio-industry.

Devoted to excellence, innovation, and scholarship in education.
We educate students in the integration of structure and function of cells, organ-systems, and living animals, providing a strong foundation for knowledge discovery in basic science and human health fields.

c. Graduate Studies in IBP

Success in research demands creativity, the ability to think critically and the mastery of technical skills. Although it is often said that one “cannot teach creativity,” it certainly can be encouraged and rewarded. As for critical thinking and technical skills, these are acquired through a carefully structured curriculum that emphasizes learning from original research papers and hands-on laboratory experience rather than summaries usually found in textbooks. In all cases, the IBP Graduate Program at the University of Minnesota is highly individualized so that each student has the freedom to pursue their own scientific interests with respect to their unique academic background. There is, however, a fundamental base of knowledge in the Life Sciences (Cell Biology, Biochemistry, Systems Physiology and Neuroscience) that provides a strong foundation for advanced study. Course work in these areas constitutes the core curriculum and demonstrated understanding of this material is required of all students. These courses are usually taken within the first two years of study. Beyond the core requirements, individualized programs are structured to address advanced work in the student’s chosen area of specialization.

Each student must participate in 3-4 laboratory rotations with faculty whose research interests are similar to that of the student. These rotations provide hands-on experience with state-of-the-art techniques and give the student an opportunity to explore a variety of specialization options available within the program.

d. Graduate Program and Graduate School Commitment to Diversity

The IBP Graduate Program embraces the University of Minnesota’s position that promoting and supporting diversity among the student body is central to the academic mission of the University. A diverse student body enriches graduate education by providing a multiplicity of views and perspectives that enhance research, teaching and the development of new knowledge. Higher education trains the next generation of leaders of academia and society in general, and such opportunities for leadership should be accessible to all members of society. The IBP Graduate Program is, therefore, committed to providing equal access to educational opportunities through recruitment, admission, support of programs that promote diversity and foster successful academic experiences that in turn help to cultivate the leaders of the next generation.
e. IBP Department History

The Department of Integrative Biology and Physiology (formerly the Department of Physiology) has a long and distinguished tradition for excellence in research and graduate education. The department was founded in 1889 and achieved national and international prominence in large part through the efforts of Dr. Maurice Visscher during his tenure as Chairman from 1936 to 1968. Dr. Visscher received both his MD and PhD degrees from the University of Minnesota. His pioneering research on cardiac energy metabolism began in Starling’s laboratory in Cambridge and eventually provided a foundation for the development of open heart surgery techniques at the University of Minnesota. He was a member of the National Academy of Sciences, served as president of the American Physiological Society and as president of the International Union of Physiological Scientists. In recognition of his scientific contributions and his service to the University of Minnesota, an endowed professorship was established in his honor.

Dr. Visscher also began another tradition at Minnesota: A tradition of collaboration between the departments of Physiology, Surgery and Medicine that emphasized the importance of understanding basic physiologic mechanisms and applying this knowledge to the development of new approaches in clinical medicine.

This tradition continues today through an interdepartmental graduate program in Integrative Biology & Physiology, which draws upon the expertise of physiologists in both basic science and clinical departments. This program provides a greater range of opportunities and experiences for graduate student training than could otherwise be provided through a single department. It also increases access to state-of-the-art research facilities and equipment in each of these departments to support graduate student and faculty research activities within the program.

In 1999, the Physiology Department moved into its new space in the completely renovated Jackson Hall. Its current location is in both Jackson Hall and the Cancer and Cardiovascular Research Building.

In 2008, Dr. Joseph Metzger became the new department head and shortly thereafter, the Physiology Department changed its name to Integrative Biology and Physiology (IBP) to better reflect its focus on research of Integrative Biology and Physiology.
f. IBP Department Location and Staff Contact Information

Mailing Address:
Department of Integrative Biology & Physiology
University of Minnesota
6-125 Jackson Hall
321 Church Street SE
Minneapolis, MN 55455-0250
Phone: (612) 625-5902
Fax: (612) 301-1543
http://physiology.umn.edu

Cancer & Cardiovascular Research Building
2231 6th St. SE
Minneapolis, MN 55455
Lobby Info desk: (612) 626-3062

Joseph Metzger, Department Head
6-125 Jackson Hall and 3-148 CCRB
(612) 625-8296, metzgerj@umn.edu

Catherine Kotz, Director of Graduate Studies
3-144 CCRB, (612) 301-7687
kotzx004@umn.edu

Yang Chong, Accountant II
6-129 Jackson Hall, (612) 625-2970
chong001@umn.edu

Chris Denu, HR Generalist
6-145 Jackson Hall, (612) 625-2876
denux002@umn.edu

Jane Mayhew Barnard, Graduate Program Coordinator (GPC)
6-125 Jackson Hall, (612) 624-8151
mayhe001@umn.edu

Jean Otto, Office Administrator
6-129A Jackson
(612)625-9137, jotto@umn.edu

After-Hours Building Access
Students who have an advisor with lab space will be authorized for after-hours access to the relevant building. After-hours access to Jackson Hall and NHH and the Biomedical Discovery Buildings is granted through use of the U-Card, your University of Minnesota identification card. Please contact Jean Otto for building access questions.
Program Contents

a. Graduate Student Orientation (GSO)
All newly admitted Graduate School students are given an orientation by the DGS and Grad Program Coordinator before classes begin. A course schedule and first rotation is worked out and upcoming milestones are pointed out. New students can also attend an orientation event specifically aimed for new students beginning their graduate work in the life sciences programs.

b. Advisor Selection
The Director of Graduates Studies (DGS) is the default Faculty Advisor for all new graduate students during the first year, (with the exception of students admitted to the graduate program with a research assistantship provided by a specific faculty member). The DGS can assist students with developing a program of study, selecting a Thesis Advisor.

All students are expected to select a Thesis Advisor, who then also becomes their Faculty Advisor, by the end of their first year. Students are encouraged to speak with different faculty members about their interests and possible research topics. There are several mechanisms to facilitate the process of identifying the student’s top choices for a thesis advisor including:

1) A website lists potential advisors and research interests. [IBP Grad Faculty.](IBP Grad Faculty) See Appendix A
2) The initial Faculty Advisor (the DGS) can brief students on appropriate choices for a Thesis Advisor.
3) Departmental seminars presented by potential faculty advisors are given throughout Fall and Spring semesters.
4) It is also helpful if students take the initiative to arrange individual meetings with faculty of interest.
5) Students should also meet with current graduate student advisees of faculty and explore the infrastructure that exists at the University for research projects of interest.

Once selected, the Thesis Advisor guides students in choosing remaining coursework and thesis research. The Thesis Advisor also provides financial support for their students from their research grants. Students with traineeships should check with the stipulations of the training grant regarding the timing of advisor selection.

Remember that the advisor-advisee relationship is mutual; faculty members must agree to become a student’s advisor. Upon selection of a faculty member and the faculty member’s acceptance of advising responsibilities, students should inform the DGS and the Graduate Program Coordinator.

c. Class Registration
Registration for each semester begins approximately one month prior to the end of the previous term. For example, registration for fall semester begins in April. All graduate students must register for both fall and spring semesters throughout the term of their appointments as Graduate Assistants, or lose employment and health benefits.
The deadline for fall registration is usually somewhere around September 1st. Fall semester begins the Tuesday after the Labor Day Holiday. A late registration fee will be charged for students enrolling in classes during the first 14 days of the semester. Please see the **ONE STOP registration website** for complete information about fall semester registration.

All new graduate students should meet with the DGS to review their initial course selections and registration. Thereafter, continuing graduate students should register with the approval of their assigned Faculty Advisor. Some courses require prior approval from the department offering the course before students can register. For questions or registration approvals, contact the relevant DGS (within the Department in which the course is offered) or Graduate Program Coordinator.

To register via the University of Minnesota **One Stop website**, you will need your student ID number or social security number and your password to log on. Your initial password is your date of birth; once logged into the system, you can choose a different password. If you are unable to login initially with your date of birth, contact the Student Services Center, 200 Williamson Hall, 612-625-5333.

You must clear all registration holds before you will be permitted to register. A new student who has the hold “BACH DEGREE” on record must submit a transcript or other evidence of graduation from the undergraduate institution to the Registrar’s Office, 200 Fraser Hall. For more information on holds and hold clearance, go to the One Stop website.

A student who holds a graduate assistantship must register for a **minimum of 6 credits** for each of the fall and spring semesters. However, the graduate assistant tuition benefit is capped at 14 credits per semester; if you register for more than 14 credits, you will be responsible for paying the additional tuition. A PhD candidate (i.e., a PhD student who has successfully completed the preliminary examinations and has completed 24 thesis credits) need only register for a minimum of 1 graded thesis credit per semester to maintain the graduate assistantship. **Your advisor must approve your enrollment in summer session classes.**

A student who has completed all of their coursework and thesis credits and who needs to maintain a minimum number of credits to satisfy non-Graduate School requirements, such as receiving or deferring repayment of loans, keeping assistantships, or maintaining visa status, may register for Full Time Equivalent (FTE) credit - FTE: Master’s; FTE: Doctoral; or FTE: Doctoral Pre-Thesis Credits. These courses are intended only for advanced MS and PhD students who have completed all their program coursework and required thesis credits, but still are working full-time on the research or writing of their thesis, papers, capstone project or dissertation. These credits cannot be used to meet specific program course or credit requirements, nor can they be used to meet the 24 doctoral thesis credit requirement.

Students are required to register every fall and spring semester to maintain active status in the Graduate School. Requests to schedule final oral examinations, for example, will not be honored if a student is considered inactive. If your student status has become inactive, you will need to reapply for admission to the Graduate School.

The University of Minnesota uses a four-digit course numbering system. Graduate students typically fulfill their course requirements by registering in courses at the 5xxx and 8xxx levels. In some cases, such as coursework necessary for the research which is outside the student’s prior major and graduate coursework to date, 4xxx level courses can be used towards degree course requirements with pre-approval of the advisor and DGS. DGS pre-approval may be granted occasionally for a course at the 6xxx or 7xxx levels.

MS and PhD candidates who believe they have taken courses for undergraduate credit that are the equivalent of required Physiology (PHSL) graduate core courses should consult their advisor.
IBP Curriculum/Degree Requirements

Graduate level course work in cell & molecular physiology and medical physiology provide a foundation for PhD Program students. Course credits are intended to provide doctoral students the necessary intellectual and professional foundation for their thesis projects, future career and professional activities.

In the first year of the PhD program, students are required to take courses in Cell and Medical Physiology, as well as three to four laboratory rotations and our seminar course (see below). The coursework is tailored to the student’s interests with input from the director of graduate studies and the advisor. During the first year, students rotate through three laboratories, pick an advisor, and begin a research project.

A preliminary written exam (PWE) in physiology is taken after the first two semesters of classes (before the preliminary oral exam) and is based on the Cell Physiology, Medical Physiology & related seminar coursework. The preliminary oral exam (POE), at the end of the second year, is given to test the student’s ability to apply principles of both physiology and the minor or supporting program to a proposed research based thesis. A doctoral student must write a thesis project proposal and must successfully defend it in the preliminary oral exam. This exam must be scheduled with The Graduate School and cannot be held until all work on the official course program has been completed and the written preliminary exam has been passed.

After the successful completion of the preliminary oral exam, the student is expected to do primarily thesis research. At the completion of the thesis research, the student must write their thesis and then orally defend it (thesis defense) in order to graduate.

The degree completion checklist of the Graduate School requirements for PhD is found here as well as in Appendix I. The policy that governs the application of graduate credit to satisfy the requirements for the PhD can be found at: Application of Graduate Credits to Degree Requirements.

a. Curriculum

1) Core Curriculum

   ANSC 5700 Cell Phys (4 cr)*
   PHSL 5101 Med Phys (5 cr)*
   PHSL 8232 Critical Reading, (in conjunction with Med Phys 5101) (2 cr) *
   PHSL 5197 Stress Physiology (1 cr)
   PHSL 5096 Seminar (1 cr) (take 4 times)
   PHSL 5701 Teaching Assistant (2 cr)
   PHSL 8242 Grant writing course (2 cr)
   BIOC 8401 Ethics, Public Policy, and Careers in Molecular and Cellular Biology (1 cr)
   Molecular Biology/Genetics course**
   Biostatistics/Statistics course**

   PHSL 8294 Physiology Research – lab rotations (take 2-3 credits - S/N option)

*  Students will be tested on these courses during the written preliminary exam.
**  Please see Appendix B for core course options.
2) Supporting Curriculum
Supporting program courses or minor courses can be taken year 1 or year 2. See Appendix C for supporting program/minor options. Consult with DGS on other courses not listed.

3) Appendix D shows a Sample Curriculum

Curriculum Notes: Summer Registration: Students should not need to register during the summer, unless a student needs to do an additional rotation or wants to register for thesis credits during the summer term. Students must contact Grad Education Coordinator for an exception to this policy.

Student Summer Colloquium: Beginning with the summer semester of the second year and thereafter, students are expected to give a seminar (30 min), followed by a chalk talk (30 min). The summer colloquium schedule is organized by the students. The hour (or more) following your chalk talk is an IDEAL TIME for your thesis committee to meet for the annual progress meeting which is required at least once per year. Please schedule your seminar with this in mind, making sure your thesis committee can attend. There is a progress report form that must be filled out and turned into the DGS after your committee meeting.

Credit Requirements: Doctoral degrees at UMN must consist of a minimum of 48 credits: a minimum of 24 graduate-level course credits AND a minimum of 24 thesis credits (PHSL 8888). Thesis credits may be taken at any time after the student has been accepted into a lab. The IBP Grad Program has the discretion to determine when it is academically appropriate for students to take these credits. This policy on credit requirements is online at http://www.policy.umn.edu/Policies/Education/Education/MAPHDDEGREEREQ.html

Please note: You must register for at least 6 credits and no more than 14 credits for fall and spring. The Medical Physiology course PHSL 5101 and PHSL 8232 start in early January because it is taken with the Medical school students.

b. Lab Rotations
Timeline: The three lab rotations should be completed prior to the written preliminary exam. The approximate timing of lab rotations is as follows:
- Oct 1 – Dec. 15
- Jan 1 - March 15
- March 15 – May 30

Lab rotations (PHSL 8294) should be taken very seriously since by the end of summer of Year 1, students must choose a laboratory for thesis work. The summer prior to their start term, students will be asked to review the list of graduate faculty and choose three to four potential labs they are interested in. The GPC will coordinate with these faculty. Minimum level of effort in a rotation is 20 hours per week. When a student is not in class, IT IS ALWAYS A GOOD IDEA TO BE IN LAB! Use rotations to make sure the lab is right for you, that you acquire new skill sets, and ensure that your potential mentor is favorably impressed. The length of a rotation is 10 weeks. If necessary (e.g. in the event none of the laboratories are a good fit for the mentee), a 4th rotation (over the summer) can be arranged after completion of the preliminary written exam.

Please note that it is the student’s responsibility to have the lab PI complete the Lab Rotation Expectations form prior to the start of the rotation and the Rotation Assessment form which is completed when the rotation ends. See Appendix G & H.
Examinations
There are 3 examinations for the PhD degree:

- Preliminary Written Examination (PWE)
- Preliminary Oral Examination (POE)
- Final Oral Examination with Thesis Defense

c. Preliminary Written Examination (PWE)
Timeline: Within 2-4 weeks of completion of the spring semester of the first year.

Overview and Purpose. The exam will be essay style format, testing the student’s ability to apply concepts learned in the core courses and integrate these concepts into the ‘big picture.’ Courses covered in the written preliminary exam include: PHSL 5700 Cell Physiology (or ANSC 5700), PHSL 5101 Medical Physiology, and the additional seminar based on reading the literature related to the Med Physiology class (PHSL 8232) in the spring of year one. By studying for and taking the PWE, students are afforded an opportunity to integrate their primary knowledge base. Unsatisfactory performance on the PWE may result in the student leaving the PhD program.

Process. Exam questions in short and long essay format covering ANSC/PHSL 5700 Cell Physiology, PHSL 5101 Medical Physiology, and the additional journal club course based on reading the literature related to the Med Physiology class in the Spring of year 1 will take place in the early summer (within 2-4 weeks of completion of the Spring Semester). The PWE takes place over two days and usually has both a morning and afternoon session. Students are given the specific PWE format and general question areas as well as exam timing about a month before the PWE.

d. Preliminary Oral Examination (POE)
Timeline:
Overview and Purpose. Before the POE can be scheduled, students must complete and submit their GPAS for review and approval. Allow 6-8 weeks for the PhD Degree Program to be approved. To schedule the Preliminary Oral Exam, go to this UMN One Stop site Doctoral oral exam scheduling.

Purpose. The Preliminary Oral Examination (POE) must be passed before a student achieves candidacy for the PhD degree. Students should plan to take the exam at the end of the summer after the second year or in the beginning the Fall semester of their third year. There are four objectives of the POE in IBP:

1. To evaluate a student’s knowledge of physiology in their general area of interest and to test the student’s ability to integrate this knowledge with other areas of physiology;
2. To evaluate the student’s capacity to think creatively and communicate effectively in both oral and written presentations;
3. To provide students with a unique learning experience in written and oral communication and to foster development and expression of scientific creativity.
4. To ensure that students have thesis committee and thesis proposal, and that the thesis committee agrees to the thesis proposal before the student commits to their thesis research.

Process. The DGS and the student’s advisor will help the student to familiarize themselves with guidelines of the Preliminary Examination. Briefly, the process is as follows:

Preliminary Oral Committee. The student establishes a Prelim Committee consisting of a minimum of four faculty members (at least three from the IBP Department and one cognate member from outside the IBP
Department). Students are strongly encouraged to include a fifth committee member so that the committee will be sufficient in number in the event that one member cannot attend the thesis defense. The committee must have a chair (student’s Thesis Advisor, except for the thesis defense). Use this UMN One Stop Student Services site to Assign the Prelim Oral Committee.

Research Proposal. The student writes a research proposal according to the guidelines of an National Institutes of Health (NIH) pre-doctoral fellowship (see: http://grants.nih.gov/training/F_files.nrsa.htm) The student, in consultation with their advisor, selects a topic and develops the proposal. Its scope and area should be suitable for a PhD thesis. The selected topic may represent the student’s planned PhD thesis research. The proposal should contain a hypothesis, specific aims, sufficient background and preliminary data to justify the work, and a general outline of the experimental plan to accomplish the aims. The proposal should be distributed to the Thesis Committee at least two weeks before the meeting to allow time for committee members to digest the information.

Input from advisors. The primary objective of the advisor is to foster the development of scientific creativity and expression and to provide a unique learning experience in written and oral communication. Other objectives are to evaluate a student’s knowledge in their area of interest, to assess the student’s ability to integrate this knowledge to other areas of physiology, and to judge the student’s capacity to think creatively and communicate effectively.

Students should exercise originality and independence in preparing their research proposal. Although proposed experiments and designs should originate with the student, each student is encouraged to seek critical input from their advisor, committee members, other faculty and students. It is acceptable for others to comment on the rationale and justification of the hypothesis, the clarity of the writing, as well as the feasibility of the proposed experimental design, techniques and interpretation of the results. It is not appropriate for a student to copy or include specific aims and experiments that are part of a grant proposal developed previously by the advisor.

Format of POE. The POE begins with a 15 minute presentation of the thesis proposal to the committee. Afterwards, the student’s POE committee questions the student for up to 2 hours. The student is the excused and the POE committee votes to Pass the student or pursue other courses of action.

The student’s POE Committee typically serves as the Doctoral Thesis Committee but can be changed in consultation with the DGS. It is the student’s responsibility to schedule the exam with the POE Committee members and the Graduate School.

The following regulations apply to the Preliminary Oral Exam:

The POE determines whether the student has mastered the material in their major and minor/supporting fields at a level the committee deems appropriate for advancement to doctoral candidacy. Thus, the examination is not restricted to a discussion of the research proposal, but will include questions related to coursework in the major and minor/supporting fields.

The Chair of the POE Committee is responsible for the conduct of the exam, ensuring that the line of questioning is appropriate as well as observing Graduate School procedures. Following the seminar, the Prelim Committee meets with the student for further questioning. In addition to addressing issues related to the written research proposal and seminar, questioning will also address the student’s general knowledge of physiology, including both molecular and integrative aspects, using the research proposal as a point of reference. The POE Committee then determines the outcome: Pass, Conditional Pass (which will require remedial action), or Fail.
Passing the Preliminary Oral Examination constitutes official candidacy for a PhD degree. There are no further examinations until the final oral defense of the dissertation.

**Pass With Reservations.** If the student passes the examination with reservations, the student is informed immediately, but the committee is permitted one week in which to convey its reservations to the student in writing, informing the student of the steps that must be taken to remove them. A copy of this letter must be submitted to Graduate Student Services and Progress (GSSP) in Academic Support Resources, and should accompany the signed Oral Examination Report Form.

When the student has satisfied the committee’s reservations, a second letter informing the student that the reservations have been removed and that the student may proceed toward the degree is also required. A copy of the second letter must also be submitted to GSSP. Both letters should be written by the committee chair. It is expected that the second letter be submitted no later than 4 months following the preliminary oral examination. The final oral examination may not be held until GSSP has received a copy of the letter indicating that the reservations have been removed.

If the committee members disagree as to whether the reservations have been satisfactorily removed, the committee chair asks for another vote. The results of the second vote are recorded as either pass or fail, with no option for a pass with reservations. A majority of votes indicating that the student has satisfactorily removed the reservations, or a tie vote, constitutes a pass. If the student does not receive a pass on the second vote, the student fails the preliminary oral examination, and his or her doctoral candidacy and student status may be terminated.

Failing the Preliminary Oral Examination may result in either a recommendation to repeat the exam, or to terminate graduate studies with or without completion of the MS degree.

**Thesis Proposal Form.** This form should be filed soon after the student passes the Preliminary Oral Examination (POE).

e. **The Thesis Defense**

**Thesis Preparation, Deadlines and Resources**

The final step in obtaining the PhD is writing the thesis, defending it in front of the Thesis Committee, and revising it as specified by the committee. Students must adhere to specified formats and timelines in preparing and defending their thesis. Details on formatting and submission can be found here at this UMN One Stop Thesis/dissertation submission and formatting page.

Upon written completion of the thesis, the PhD candidate takes the final oral examination in defense of their thesis. The final oral exam may take place only after the written thesis has been judged ready for defense by the thesis committee readers. This exam consists of a public seminar in which the candidate presents their thesis and to which the scholarly community is invited. Students must notify IBP staff at least two weeks prior to their thesis defense and provide them with the title, abstract, date, time and location of their thesis defense so appropriate IBP announcements can be prepared. The information on Final Examination, assigning committee and scheduling the exam is found on this UMN One Stop services site - [Graduate Student Service and Progress (GSSP)](https://www.umn.edu/grad/gssp)

A closed meeting between the candidate and the thesis Committee immediately follows the thesis presentation. The candidate is then excused and a vote is taken. The final oral exam is limited to the thesis and relevant subject areas.
The Thesis Advisor is responsible for ensuring the inclusion of appropriate modifications and required revisions, if any, in the final thesis. The final oral exam report form will not be signed and submitted to the Graduate school until all revisions have been made.

**The Student Thesis Defense Handbook** has more detailed information about the processes. Here is the link to the handbook, which can also be found on the IBP Grad website.

\( f. \) Determination of Student's Progress

**Academic Performance Policy**

1. IBP PhD grad students must achieve a B grade or better in both ANSC 5700 (or PHSL 5700), and PHSL 5101. Failure to achieve a B or better in either class results in academic probation and possible dismissal.

2. IBP PhD grad students must also achieve an overall GPA of 3.0 or better. Failure to achieve a GPA of 3.0 for one semester would result in academic probation. Failure to achieve an overall GPA of 3.0 or better for two or more semesters could result in dismissal.

A PhD student is deemed to be making satisfactory progress by completing most or all of their coursework, submitting the PWE and successful completing the Preliminary Oral Examination (POE) within the first two academic years.

After the second academic year, satisfactory progress is determined by the student's Thesis Advisor. The Thesis Advisor will inform both the student and the DGS if there are problems. A PhD student in the IBP Graduate Program is expected to earn their degree within four-to-six years from the date of the initial registration in the Graduate School. A PhD student is required to meet with their Thesis Committee at least once each year, beginning with the POE. An ideal time to do this may be after the summer chalk-talk, but this is not mandatory. The student is responsible for arranging their thesis committee meetings.

Meeting with the committee for the POE and the final defense meets the requirement for two of these meetings. During each intervening year, the student must schedule a meeting with the Thesis Committee. The student's Thesis Advisor must provide the DGS with a summary of the committee's opinion regarding the student's progress. The student must alert the program coordinator when the thesis committee meeting is scheduled, to ensure that the student evaluation form is sent to the advisor. The summary must also indicate the date the meeting occurred and the committee members in attendance. The lack of satisfactory progress as defined above is due cause for termination from the IBP Graduate Program.

\( g. \) Thesis Research

The thesis research should make an original and significant contribution to the student’s chosen field of research. The overall scope of the work will vary depending on the research area, but it should be of sufficient quality, depth and originality to be published in peer reviewed scientific journals. The Thesis Committee, together with the student and Thesis Advisor, determine when the research is of sufficient quality and quantity to be appropriate for the PhD thesis defense.

**Selection of a Thesis Advisor.**

By the end of their first year, each student should have selected a Thesis Advisor from the IBP faculty to guide their thesis research. This selection would have been based on common research interests, and the faculty mentoring style and overall atmosphere of the laboratory. The Thesis Advisor must have a graduate faculty appointment in IBP and must agree to the mentoring relationship.
Thesis Committee.
It is the responsibility of the student to select a thesis committee in conjunction with their advisor and the DGS and to organize annual thesis committee meetings.

This committee is intended to monitor progress and help the student in several ways:
1) Evaluate the student’s POE and suggest areas for improvement if needed.
2) Develop a research program suitable for obtaining the PhD degree
3) Provide guidance during the course of the research and offer suggestions for future directions
4) Ensure that the quality and quantity of research is suitable for obtaining the PhD
5) Help the student and Thesis Advisor determine when sufficient research has been completed to prepare the dissertation.

Ideally, the Thesis Committee is formed soon after the student passes the Preliminary Exam. The first meeting should be held when the research is still in its early stages. Although the length of committee meetings can vary greatly, it is recommended that approximately 2 hours be set aside for each committee meeting.

Role of the Thesis Advisor and the Thesis Committee. Although mentoring styles vary tremendously amongst faculty and depending on the student, a few general comments may be helpful. The PhD research may be considered a collaboration between the student and Thesis Advisor. It is appropriate for the Thesis Advisor to provide substantial input and advice regarding development of the research plan, interpretation of results, and determination of next steps. Although this is a collaborative effort, the student should be the driving force. The committee should provide oversight and feedback, and should help the student and Thesis Advisor in development and subsequent modification of the overall research plan. The committee should not require the student and Thesis Advisor to conduct specific experiments; rather, it should serve in an advisory capacity, and ultimately pass judgment as to whether the research and written thesis are sufficient for obtaining a PhD degree. The student is encouraged to seek input from individual committee members outside the scheduled committee meetings.

Forming the Thesis Committee. The committee must be formally established with the DGS prior to the first meeting. The IBP Graduate Program Assistant is available to help students fill out the necessary forms. The Graduate School policy states that the Thesis Committee must have at least four members, three of which are regular members of the IBP graduate faculty and one member who has a graduate faculty appointment outside IBP. Students are strongly encouraged to include a fifth committee member so that the committee will be sufficient in number in the event that one member cannot attend the thesis defense. The committee must have a chair (student’s Thesis Advisor, except for the thesis defense).
Subsequent Committee Meetings. Subsequent committee meetings should be held at least once a year or more frequently if considered desirable by the student, Thesis Advisor, or Thesis Committee. The goal of these meetings is for the student to present recent progress and for the committee to provide input to the student and Thesis Advisor as to whether satisfactory progress is being made, and ultimately to help the student and Thesis Advisor decide when sufficient research has been conducted for writing the PhD dissertation.

One week prior to the meeting, the student should distribute to the committee a progress report generated by the student that includes the hypothesis, specific aims (updated as needed from the original proposal) and research findings obtained since the last meeting. In this progress report, student should include any publications, abstracts or presentations they produced/submitted that are relevant to their thesis research. The student should begin with an oral presentation (PowerPoint recommended) reviewing the material in the progress report. This should be followed by a discussion and suggestions from the committee. The meeting should end by discussing next steps, goals and setting an approximate date for the next meeting.

Reports of Committee Meeting. The chair of the Thesis Committee should submit a written report to the DGS within two weeks after the meeting. This report should be signed by both the Thesis Advisor and the student and should be distributed to all committee members. The report should indicate the date of the meeting, committee members in attendance (and absent), and a written narrative describing the events that took place at the meeting. For the first meeting, this report should be sufficiently detailed as to indicate what has been proposed and whether it is feasible and sufficient as thesis research. For subsequent meetings, it should specify progress and if this is sufficient relative to the goals set at the last meeting. It should include any deficits that were identified and recommendations of the committee. This report should also include goals to be accomplished prior to the next meeting and the approximate date of the next meeting.

h. Roles and Responsibilities of the Thesis/Dissertation Advisor

Faculty and graduate students share complementary responsibilities in the maintenance of academic standards and the development of high quality graduate programs. These are basic roles and responsibilities guidelines that advisors follow:

1. Provide clear direction for the requirements each student must meet and policies of the graduate program.
2. Advise graduate students as to how to develop a program plan, including appropriate course work, research or project activity, and available resources.
3. Ensure that each graduate student initiates thesis or dissertation research in a timely fashion.
4. Provide training and oversight in creative activities, research rigor, theoretical and technical aspects of the thesis or dissertation research, and professional integrity.
5. Create supervisory relations with students that stimulate and encourage students to learn creatively and independently, and respect the academic freedom for students to express options that may differ from those of faculty.
6. Encourage graduate students to stay abreast of the literature and cutting-edge ideas in the field.
7. Help graduate students to develop professional skills in writing reports, papers, grant proposals and evaluating manuscripts and papers; encourage participation in professional meetings; help establish professional networks/professional contacts for the benefit of students; to develop interviewing skills.
8. Provide regular feedback on the progress of graduate students toward degree completion, including feedback on research or creative activities, coursework, teaching, and provide constructive criticism if the progress does not meet expectations.
9. Acknowledge student contributions in research presented at conferences, in professional publications, or in applications for copyrights and patents.
10. Practice uncompromising honesty and integrity according to university and federal guidelines in reporting of data in manuscript submissions.
11. Make provisions for supervision and advising of graduate students when the Faculty Advisor is on leave or extended absence.
12. Help graduate students develop into successful professionals and colleagues, including encouraging students to participate and disseminate results of research or creative activities in the appropriate scholarly or public forums.
13. Facilitate career development, including advising graduate students on appropriate job and career options, as well as on the preparation of application materials for appropriate fellowship, scholarship, and other relevant opportunities.
14. Write letters of reference for appropriate fellowship, scholarship, award, and job opportunities.

i. Roles and Responsibilities of the Student

These are some basic roles and responsibilities guidelines that students should follow:

1. Adhere to and take responsibility for learning university and academic unit rules, procedures, and policies applicable to graduate study, research or creative activities.
2. Meet university and academic unit requirements for degree completion.
3. Recognize that in many disciplines, the Faculty Advisor provides the intellectual and instructional environment in which the student conducts research, and may, through access to teaching and research funds provide the student with financial support.
4. Respect faculty member’s need to allocate their time and other resources in ways that are academically and personally productive.
5. Devote an appropriate amount of time and energy toward achieving academic excellence and earning an advanced degree in a timely fashion.
6. Acknowledge the contributions of the Faculty Advisor and other members of the research team to the student’s work in all publications and conference presentations.
7. Follow disciplinary and scholarly codes of ethics in course work, thesis or dissertation research, and in creative activities.
8. Practice uncompromising honesty and integrity according to university and federal guidelines in collecting and maintaining data.
9. Seek regulatory approval for research in the early stages of thesis or dissertation work where applicable.
10. Take initiative to communicate regularly with Faculty Advisor(s) on progress toward completion of the thesis or dissertation.
11. Work cooperatively with supervising faculty and Teaching Assistants (TA) to accomplish the tasks set out in TA assignments.
12. Give adequate attention to the teaching role by conscientious efforts in planning, preparation, and implementation of TA assignments.
13. Achieve an appropriate balance between teaching responsibilities and other essential activities.

For further information see:
Guidelines for Mutual Roles and Responsibilities for Faculty & Graduate Students
Master’s Degree Requirements

a. Degree Requirements
A Master’s Degree for individuals is sometimes available, but only under special circumstances. A total of 22 graduate credits, plus at least 10 thesis research credits, are required. The degree is based on laboratory research, and requires a written thesis or written project and an oral presentation of the work for the final exam.

The IBP Master’s Degree is Plan A, unless there are special circumstances requiring a Plan B. For Plans A and B, the final exam is oral.

The Plan A option for a Master’s Degree requires the completion of a thesis/project to be submitted to The Graduate School. The formatting requirements for the thesis/project are outlined in this UMN One Stop site: Thesis/Dissertation submission and formatting.

The Plan B option for a Master’s Degree requires the completion of a Plan B project (non-thesis). More information regarding the Plan B option is available at: https://policy.umn.edu/education/gradcreditdegree

Master’s candidates. The Graduate School requires final exams for both Plan A and B master’s degrees. The exams may be written, oral, or both, depending upon the major field. Go to: https://onestop.umn.edu/academics/degree-completion-steps for the latest information on all Master’s Degree related procedures. Click on the appropriate Master’s Degree Plan (GPAS): Master’s Plan A (with thesis), Master’s Plan B/C (without thesis) to obtain degree completion steps and needed forms.

b. Change of Status / Readmission Application
Students who need to change from the Ph.D. track to the Master’s Degree track, must file a “Change of Status/Readmission” application to indicate a change of degree objective.
DO NOT CHOOSE AN EFFECTIVE TERM OF SUMMER -- students are REQUIRED to register for the effective term of the change. If you have an effective term of summer, you have to register for that term (otherwise you'll become inactive from the Graduate School). Instead, you can register for GRAD 999, if the effective term for your Change of Status Application is summer.
Submit Change of Status / Readmission application online with the Graduate School
Applying for Readmission Link
Change of Status Link
Graduation Information

5

a. Graduation Application Deadlines
Graduate School degrees are awarded monthly.

☐ Please go to this UMN One Stop site for Graduation checklist for grad students for information on dates and deadlines, downloading graduation packet, applying to graduate, etc.

☐ This UMN One Stop site – Apply to Graduate gives info regarding the diploma information, application and selecting month to graduate. Students should apply to graduate no later than the first day of the anticipated month of graduation.

The award of the degree should appear on the transcript within two to three weeks following graduation. The diploma will be mailed from the Registrar’s office four to six weeks after graduation.

b. Commencement Information
Please contact the Office for Biomedical Graduate Research, Education and Training for information on Commencement ceremonies.

Miscellaneous

6

a. Graduate Student Leadership
The Graduate Program in Integrative Biology and Physiology has several annual student events and meetings. They are listed here:

- Zofia Zukowska Distinguished Lectureship and Fall Welcome (early September)
- Annual meeting of IBP student body and DGS (late September)*
- IBP Student social event to welcome new students (late September)
- IBP Graduate Program Recruiting Day (late January/early February)
- IBP Student Summer Colloquium

*Meeting of all the students to decide who will be the representative for each event/meeting.

b. Health Insurance for Graduate Assistants
All new and continuing students holding a fellowship or at least a 25% graduate assistantship will need to complete an application for coverage by the graduate assistant medical plan. See Christopher Denu - (denux002@umn.edu), IBP Human Resource Specialist, 6-145 Jackson Hall for an Application Packet. Submit the Enrollment Forms as soon as possible to the Graduate Assistant Insurance Office, N323 Boynton Health Service, 625-6936. Students who hold at least a 50% graduate assistantship during both semesters of the academic year, will be covered by the health insurance plan during the following summer, as well. When you register, students must provide the name of their health insurance provider and their policy number on their registration form, or they will automatically be charged for a University-sponsored hospitalization plan, which is
not the same as the plan for graduate assistants. Read the Class Schedule and the graduate assistant health insurance Application Packet for more information. Should a student suffer an injury while fulfilling their duties as a graduate assistant, they must complete an Employee Incident Report form to report the injury and file for worker’s compensation. This must be done as soon as physically possible following the injury. Further information on the policy go to https://policy.umn.edu/hr/workerscomp or see Chris Denu in Human Resources, 6-145 Jackson Hall for a copy of the form.

c. Serving as a Graduate Assistant and Related Financial Matters
Until the date student-advisor pairings are announced, students will be paid with funds provided by the IBP Department. After a student joins a thesis research lab with a thesis advisor, the student will be paid entirely from their Thesis Advisor’s research grant(s). Students continue taking courses and performing research related to the project funded by the grant. Paychecks are issued every other Wednesday. To have your pay deposited directly into your bank account, please complete a Direct Deposit Authorization Form. Students who opt for direct deposit can view their pay statements on line at http://hrss.umn.edu/. For students who do not opt for direct deposit, paychecks will be put in their mailbox. All payroll, health and tuition benefit questions should be directed to Chris Denu HR Generalist, 6-145 Jackson Hall, (612) 625-2876.

d. Stipend and Fee Payments
Beginning fall 2017, the graduate student stipend is $30,000 per year plus fringe benefits. Here is an outline of the current financial responsibility for our IBP graduate students:

- Year 1: IBP Department pays stipend and fees
- Year 2: (when student secures a lab) IBP Department pays stipend, tuition and Mentor pays fees*
- Year 3 to graduation: Mentor pays tuition, stipend and fees.

*Student fees: The cost of this is difficult to predict, as they are dependent on individual situations, including registered credits, international status, etc. An advisor could expect to pay approximately up to -$300 a year for a Ph.D. Candidate (1 credit per semester) and up to -$1800 for junior level students taking a full semester of credits.

e. Laboratory Safety Training
New graduate students in the IBP Graduate Program must complete two-hours of lab safety training. This training will be offered twice at the start of each fall semester.

Anyone not attending a training session will not be allowed access to the Nils Hasselmo Hall, CCRB or other Laboratories. Dates for training sessions can be found at: http://www.dehs.umn.edu/training.htm

f. Responsible Conduct of Research
The Graduate School mandates that all graduate students receive the equivalent of 8 hours of instruction in Responsible Conduct of Research (RCR). Dates for RCR workshop sessions can be found at the link below: http://cflegacy.research.umn.edu/first/CourseSchedReg.htm.

New graduate students should visit http://www.grad.umn.edu/ethics/ethics_brochure.html. This site is intended to introduce beginning graduate students to RCR concepts; to institutional expectations regarding intellectual honesty and integrity; and to our commitment to provide educational opportunities and resources for students to learn about these topics.
Graduate students in IBP must take at least one formal ethics course related to biomedical research.

Professionalism and Ethics Related Links:

Professional Ethics and Conduct of Research Educational Requirements for Grad Students and Postdocs, Teaching Ethics for Research, Scholarship, & Practice (University of Minnesota, State & Federal Policies and Procedures) On Being A Scientist: Responsible Conduct In Research an online book (local copy)

g. Frequently Asked Questions (FAQ)

Highlights from The Graduate School - Frequently Asked Questions (FAQ)
http://www.grad.umn.edu/current_students/faq.html

What is the Graduate School's registration requirement?
As a Graduate School student you are required to register every fall and spring term to maintain active status up through and including the term in which you will officially complete your degree. Failure to maintain your active status will result in the discontinuation of your student status and require applying for readmission.

What is full time status?
Full time status is 6 or more credits. Some University benefits are reliant upon the registration of at least 6 credits. Students should contact the office providing the benefit to inquire about minimum registration requirements.

What is active status?
Graduate School students maintain active status by registering in the Graduate School every fall and spring term (for any credit amount or course type).

What happens if I don't maintain active status?
Graduate School students who do not maintain active status are considered to have withdrawn, and their student status is deactivated. Inactive students may not take examinations, submit degree progress paperwork, apply for graduation, or complete their degrees. Inactive students who wish to resume graduate work must apply for readmission to the Graduate School.

I am done with my coursework and thesis credits (if applicable) and only need to maintain my active status. What should I do?
Graduate School students must register every fall and spring term to maintain active status. Grad 999, a zero-credit, zero-tuition, non-graded registration option is available for those Graduate School students who must register solely to meet the Graduate School's registration requirement. You should not register for Grad 999 if you hold an assistantship, need to maintain legal visa status, defer loans, receive financial aid, or for any reason other than to meet the Graduate School's registration requirement.

What is the maximum credit load the Graduate School allows?
The Graduate School allows registration for up to 18 credits. However, most offices providing tuition benefits will not pay for more than 14 credits. Students should check with the office providing the tuition benefit to determine the number of credits that will be covered.

I didn't register last term and now my status is inactive. What should I do?
You must apply for re-admission through the Graduate Office of Admissions office. Info here: https://www.grad.umn.edu/admissions/readmission
Where to Ask for Help at UMN Twin Cities

Prepared by the Communications & Outreach
Subcommittee of the Council of Graduate Students Mental Health Wellness Committee

If there is an emergency of any kind, start by calling 911.

Help for Suicidality and Mental Health Concerns
- 911
- Student Counseling Service: 612-624-3323
- Boynton Mental Health Clinic: 612-624-1444
- Not sure whether to contact the Student Counseling Service or the Boynton Mental Health Clinic? More information on the differences is here: z.umn.edu/CounselingOptions

- Disability Resource Center: 612-626-1333
- International Student and Scholar Services: 612-626-7100
- University of Minnesota Police Department: 612-624-3550

Help for Sexual Assault
- 911
- The Aurora Center legal, medical, academic, and training support for survivors, victims, and individuals concerned about another concerning sexual assault, relationship violence, or stalking
  - Mon-Fri 8:00-4:30: text “TALK” to 612-615-8911
  - 24-hour Hotline: 612-626-9111
- Gender and Sexuality Center for Queer and Trans Life: 612-625-0537
- Kimberly Hewitt, Title IX Coordinator in Equal Opportunity and Affirmative Action: 612-624-9547
- National Sexual Assault 24-hour Hotline: 1-800-656-4673
- University of Minnesota Police Department: 612-624-3550

Help for Prejudice and Hate Crimes
- 911
- University of Minnesota Police Department: 612-624-3550
- Equal Opportunity and Affirmative Action: 612-624-9547
- The Aurora Center legal, medical, academic, and training support for survivors, victims, and individuals concerned about another concerning sexual assault, relationship violence, or stalking
  - Mon-Fri 8:00-4:30: text “TALK” to 612-615-8911
  - 24-hour Hotline: 612-626-9111

Help for Access, Disability, or Mental Health Accommodations
- Disability Resource Center: reports that over half of students they work with list mental health as their primary disability: 612-626-1333

Help for Students who are Parents
- Student Parent Help Center: 612-626-6015

Help for International Students
- International Student and Scholar Services: 612-626-7100
- Multicultural Center for Academic Excellence: 612-624-6386
- Student Cultural Centers Second floor of Coffman Union

Help for LGBTQ Students
- Gender and Sexuality Center for Queer and Trans Life: 612-625-0537
- Trevor Project Helpline
  [https://www.thetrevorproject.org](https://www.thetrevorproject.org) which is especially LGBT-focused: Text “Trevor” to 202-304-1200 or call the 24-hour Helpline: 866-488-7386

Help for Students of Color
- Office for Diversity in Graduate Education: 612-625-6858
- Equal Opportunity and Affirmative Action: 612-624-9547

Help for Women
- Women’s Center: 612-625-9837
- Kimberly Hewitt, Title IX Coordinator in Equal Opportunity and Affirmative Action: 612-624-9547

Help for Professional and Student Conflicts
- Student Conflict Resolution Center: 612-624-7272

Help for Academic Stress & Support
- Student Counseling Service: 612-624-3323
- Writing Center: 612-626-7579 Disability Resource Center: 612-626-1333

Help for Complex Cases & Coordination of Services
- Emily O’Hara, Care Manager at the Office for Student Affairs: 612-625-2517
i. **Sexual Harassment Statement**

Sexual harassment subverts the mission of the University, and threatens the careers of students, faculty, and staff, and will not be tolerated in the Graduate Programs of the Medical School. The 2017 Board of Regents policy defines sexual harassment as

“unwelcome conduct of a sexual nature under either of the following conditions:

(a) When it is stated or implied that an individual needs to submit to, or participate in, conduct of a sexual nature in order to maintain their employment or educational standing or advance in their employment or education (quid pro quo sexual harassment).

(b) When the conduct: (1) is severe, persistent or pervasive; and (2) unreasonably interferes with an individual's employment or educational performance or creates a work or educational environment that the individual finds, and a reasonable person would find, to be intimidating, hostile or offensive (hostile environment sexual harassment).”

All University members are prohibited from engaging in, or assisting or abetting another's engagement in, sexual assault, sexual harassment, relationship violence, stalking, and related retaliation (collectively “prohibited conduct”).

Information and guidance regarding sexual harassment are available from the Office of Equal Opportunity and Affirmative Action, which is also the office for complaints of sexual harassment. All inquiries are held in strict confidence. See the current University Policy for more details.

The Minneapolis St. Paul Campus Title IX officer is Tina Marisam, and her contact information is: (612) 626-9357, marisam@umn.edu. Information about resources for personal support that are available to individuals who believe they have experienced prohibited conduct, as well as answers to questions including those listed below can be found at https://policy.umn.edu/hr/sxharassassault#faqlink.

- Who can I call for help? Are there any confidential resources available to me?
- Can the University provide me with any accommodations or protective measures? What about my housing situation and my classes?
- Do I have to initiate a University investigation if I have experienced prohibited conduct?
- Is there a time limit for initiating an investigation?
- Is it possible for a complainant to remain anonymous during an investigation?
- Who can explain the investigation process to me?
- Are there resources on campus that can support me through the investigation process?
Appendix A

Graduate Faculty in the Department of Integrative Biology & Physiology

The following Graduate Faculty can serve as Thesis Advisors for PhD students. Please note that this list will change over time. Consult the DGS or the IBP Grad web site for the most up-to-date list.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Emilyn Alejandro, Ph.D.</th>
<th>Atsushi Asakura, Ph.D.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Diabetes and Metabolism</td>
<td>Molecular mechanisms controlling muscle stem cells</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><a href="mailto:ealejand@umn.edu">ealejand@umn.edu</a></td>
<td><a href="mailto:asakura@umn.edu">asakura@umn.edu</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------------------------</td>
<td>------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alessandro Bartolomucci, PhD</td>
<td>Melena Bellin, M.D.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stress pathophysiology; Obesity; Vgf gene-derived peptides</td>
<td>Associate Professor, Dept. of Pediatrics</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><a href="mailto:abartolo@umn.edu">abartolo@umn.edu</a></td>
<td>Pediatric Endocrinologist</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------------------------</td>
<td>------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>David Bernlohr, PhD</td>
<td>Peter Bitterman, MD</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adipose biology</td>
<td>Respiratory medicine</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><a href="mailto:bernl001@umn.edu">bernl001@umn.edu</a></td>
<td><a href="mailto:bitte001@umn.edu">bitte001@umn.edu</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------------------------</td>
<td>------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lisa Chow, M.D.</td>
<td>Brendan Dougherty, PT, PhD</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The effect of exercise and fitness on insulin resistance and diabetes</td>
<td>Respiratory physiology and neuroplasticity</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><a href="mailto:chow0007@umn.edu">chow0007@umn.edu</a></td>
<td><a href="mailto:bdougher@umn.edu">bdougher@umn.edu</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------------------------</td>
<td>------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sam Dudley, MD, PhD</td>
<td>James Ervasti, PhD</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mechanisms of diastolic heart failure and arrhythmic risk</td>
<td>Molecular basis of Muscular Dystrophy; Role of actin in cell polarity</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><a href="mailto:sdudley@umn.edu">sdudley@umn.edu</a></td>
<td><a href="mailto:jervasti@umn.edu">jervasti@umn.edu</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------------------------</td>
<td>------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Daniel Garry, MD, PhD</td>
<td>Mary G. Garry, PhD</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Regenerative medicine; Cardiogenesis; Stem cell biology</td>
<td>Determining the role of TRPV1 dysregulation in cardiovascular responses to exercise in heart failure</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><a href="mailto:garry@umn.edu">garry@umn.edu</a></td>
<td><a href="mailto:garry002@umn.edu">garry002@umn.edu</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------------------------</td>
<td>------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carrie Haskell-Luevano, PhD</td>
<td>Robert Hebbel, MD</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>peptide hormone endocrine systems in the brain</td>
<td>Vascular Biology</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><a href="mailto:mchaskell@umn.edu">mchaskell@umn.edu</a></td>
<td><a href="mailto:hebbe001@umn.edu">hebbe001@umn.edu</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------------------------</td>
<td>------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Paul Iaizzo, PhD</td>
<td>David H. Ingbar, MD</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Muscle cell pathophysiology</td>
<td>Alveolar epithelial repair and clearance of alveolar edema fluid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><a href="mailto:iaiz01@umn.edu">iaiz01@umn.edu</a></td>
<td><a href="mailto:ingba001@umn.edu">ingba001@umn.edu</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------------------------</td>
<td>------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manda Keller-Ross, PhD, DPT, PT</td>
<td>Catherine M. Kotz, PhD</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mechanisms of exercise intolerance in patients with hypertension and cardiovascular diseases</td>
<td>Neuropeptidergic regulation of energy balance</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><a href="mailto:kello529@umn.edu">kello529@umn.edu</a></td>
<td><a href="mailto:kotz004@umn.edu">kotz004@umn.edu</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Name</td>
<td>Affiliation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-----------------------------</td>
<td>------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Emil Lou, MD, PhD</strong></td>
<td>Intercellular communication via cellular extensions called tunneling nanotubes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Walter Low, PhD</strong></td>
<td>Nerve cell transplantation and gene therapy</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Dawn Lowe, PhD</strong></td>
<td>Muscle Physiology</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Doug G. Mashek, PhD</strong></td>
<td>role and regulation of fatty acids in energy metabolism</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Joseph Metzger, PhD</strong></td>
<td>Integrative systems biology of cardiovascular function</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Timothy O’Connell, PhD</strong></td>
<td>G-protein coupled receptors in heart failure</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Scott O’Grady, PhD</strong></td>
<td>Electrolyte transport in epithelia</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>John W. Osborn, PhD</strong></td>
<td>Pathophysiology of hypertension</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Jin O-Uchi, MD, PhD, FCVS</strong></td>
<td>Cardiac Electrophysiology</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Angela Panoskalsis-Mortari, PhD</strong></td>
<td>Idiopathic pneumonia syndrome; biology of graft-versus-host disease</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Rita Perlingeiro, PhD</strong></td>
<td>understanding the molecular mechanisms controlling lineage-specific differentiation of pluripotent stem cells</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Lincoln R. Potter, PhD</strong></td>
<td>Metabolic and systems biology</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Xavier Revele, PhD</strong></td>
<td>Immune mechanisms of inflammation in metabolic disease</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Hai-Bin Ruan, PhD</strong></td>
<td>Hormonal and nutritional regulation of metabolic physiology</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Elizabeth Seaquist, PhD</strong></td>
<td>Division of Diabetes, Endocrinology and Metabolism</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Yuk Sham, PhD</strong></td>
<td>Computational molecular physiology</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Clifford Steer, MD</strong></td>
<td>Liver, bone marrow and brain disorders; bile acids as potent antiapoptotic agents; role of microRNAs in gene regulation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Alena Talkachova, PhD</strong></td>
<td>Cardiovascular electrophysiology</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>David Thomas, PhD</strong></td>
<td>Molecular dynamics of energy transduction in muscle health and disease, using site-directed spectroscopic probes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>DeWayne Townsend, DVM, PhD</strong></td>
<td>Cardiac Gene Transfer; Dystrophic Cardiomyopathy; Regulation of Coronary Blood Flow</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Name</td>
<td>Position</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-----------------------------</td>
<td>---------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Phu Tran, PhD</td>
<td>Nutrition and brain development</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Robert Tranquillo, PhD</td>
<td>Cardiovascular Tissue Engineering</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jop van Berlo, MD, PhD</td>
<td>Cardiac regeneration</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Christine Wendt, MD</td>
<td>Pulmonary</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Demetri Yannopoulos, MD</td>
<td>Cardiopulmonary Resuscitation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The following Graduate Faculty can serve on Thesis Committees.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mustafa N. al’Absi, PhD, Duluth Campus</td>
<td>Neurobiological mechanisms of stress and risk for heart disease; Biological and psychosocial predictors of addiction and relapse; Pain perception and endogenous opioid system functions</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lisa Carney Anderson, PhD</td>
<td>Muscle cardiovascular</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mark Cook, PhD</td>
<td>Anatomy</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Janet L. Fitzakerley, PhD</td>
<td>Duluth Campus</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Sensory physiology; Hearing science; Central nervous system development; Information processing in the brainstem and inner ear.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stephen A. Katz, PhD</td>
<td>Renin Angiotensin system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Adipocyte endocrinology</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Anthony J. Weinhaus, PhD</td>
<td>Anatomy</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Appendix B
Graduate Core Course Options

MOLECULAR/CELLULAR BIOLOGY/GENETICS OPTIONS

**BIOL 4003 - Genetics**
(3.0 cr; = [GCD 3022]; Prereq - [BIOC 3021 or BIOC 4331], [any CBS major or major in [animal science or applied plant science or BA biology or BA microbiology or nutrition or physiology or biology/society/environment] or #; fall, spring, summer, every year) Introduction to the nature of genetic information, its transmission from parents to offspring, its expression in cells/organisms, and its course in populations.  
*Fall MW, 1:00 or TUTH 4:30 or MWF 8:30 - Spr MWF 12:35 or MWF 2:15*

**BIOL 4004 - Cell Biology**
(3.0 cr; Prereq - [3021 or BIOC 3021 or BIOC 4331], [4003 or BIOC 4332]; fall, spring, summer, every year) Processes fundamental to cells. Emphasizes eukaryotic cells. Assembly/function of membranes/organelles. Cell division, cell form/movement, intercellular communication, transport, secretion pathways. Cancer cells, differentiated cells.

**BIOC 4331 - Biochemistry I: Structure, Catalysis, and Metabolism in Biological Systems**
(4.0 cr; Prereq - [[BIOL 1002 or BIOL 1009 or BIOL 2003 or equiv], [CHEM 2302 or equiv]] or #; fall, spring, every year) Advanced survey of structure/catalysis, metabolism/bioenergetics.

**BIOC 4332 - Biochemistry II: Molecular Mechanisms of Signal Transduction and Gene Expression**
(4.0 cr; Prereq - 4331 or #; spring, every year) Advanced survey of molecular biology, mechanisms of gene action, and biological regulation.

* 4000 level courses listed above only by permission of DGS and advisor.

**BIOC 6021 - Biochemistry**
(3.0 cr; = [BIOC 3021]; Prereq - general biology, organic chemistry, #; intended for MBS students; fall, spring, summer, every year) Fundamentals of biochemistry. Structure/function of proteins, nucleic acids, lipids and carbohydrates. Metabolism, regulation of metabolism. Quantitative treatments of chemical equilibria, enzyme catalysis, and bioenergetics. Chemical basis of genetic information flow.

**GCD 5036 - Molecular Cell Biology**
(3.0 cr; Prereq - Biol 4004 or #; [sr or grad student] recommended; fall, every year) Modern, integrative approaches combining cell/molecular biology, biochemistry, and genetics to investigate cell organization/function. Membranes, signaling, extracellular matrix, secretion, endocytosis, cytoskeleton, nucleus. Analysis of scientific papers to illustrate new concepts in and experimental approaches to cell organization/function.

**Preferred option according to student survey.**
Graduate Course Options (cont.)

STATISTICS OPTIONS

STAT 5021 - Statistical Analysis
(4.0 cr; = [ANSC 2211, ESPM 3012, STAT 3011]; Prereq =: 3011; College algebra or #: Stat course recommended) Intensive introduction to statistical methods for graduate students needing statistics as a research technique. Fall and Spring (Lec: MWF 10:10, Lab: Tu 8:00 or 9:05) Note: This has not been the favorite stats class according to our student survey.

PUBH 6414 – Biostatistical Literacy
3.0 cr. Develop ability to read/interpret statistical results in primary literature. Minimal calculation. No formal training in any statistical programming software. Biostatistical Literacy will cover the fundamental concepts of study design, descriptive statistics, hypothesis testing, confidence intervals, odds ratios, relative risks, adjusted models in multiple linear, logistic and Poisson regression, and survival analysis. The focus will be when to use a given method and how to interpret the results, not the actual computation or computer programming to obtain results from raw data. Fall/spring

PUBH 6450 – Biostatistics I
4.0 cr; Gaussian probability models, point/interval estimation for means/proportions. Hypothesis testing, including t, chi-square, and nonparametric tests. Simple regression/correlation. ANOVA. Health science applications using output from statistical packages. Fall, (Lec: TuTH 1:25-3:20, Lab: M 9:05 or 12:20; Tu 12:20 or 5:45pm; W 9:05 or 12:20pm) or lec/lab online
Spr (Lec: MW 10:10-12:05, Lab: M 9:05 or W 12:20 or lec/lab online

PUBH 6451 - Biostatistics II
(4.0 cr; Prereq = [6420, 6450] or [6414, 6415]) with grade of at least B, health sciences grad student] or #). Two-way ANOVA, interactions, repeated measures, general linear models. Logistic regression for cohort and case-control studies. Log linear models, contingency tables, Poisson regression, survival data, Kaplan-Meier methods, proportional hazards models. Spr only (MW, 10:10-12:05 or online)
Appendix C
Supporting Program/Minor Courses Options

**BIOMEDICAL ENGINEERING**

**BMEN 5001 - Advanced Biomaterials**
(3.0 cr; Prereq-3301 or MatS 3011 or grad student or #; A-F or Aud, fall, every year) Commonly used biomaterials. Chemical/physical aspects. Practical examples from such areas as cardiovascular/orthopedic applications, drug delivery, and cell encapsulation. Methods used for chemical analysis and for physical characterization of biomaterials. Effect of additives, stabilizers, processing conditions, and sterilization methods.

**BMEN 5041 - Tissue Engineering**
(3.0 cr; Prereq-IT upper div or grad student or med student or #; fall, spring, every year) Fundamentals of wound healing and tissue repair; characterization of cell-matrix interactions; case study of engineered tissues, including skin, bone marrow, liver, vessel, and cartilage; regulation of biomaterials and engineered tissues.

**BMEN 5101 - Advanced Bioelectricity and Instrumentation**
(3.0 cr; Prereq-[IT upper div, grad student] or #; spring, offered when feasible) Instrumentation, computer systems, and processing requirements for clinical physiological signals. Electrode characteristics, signal processing, and interpretation of physiological events by ECG, EEG, and EMG. Measurement of respiration and blood volume/flow.

**BMEN 5102 - Bioelectric Measurements and Therapeutic Devices II**
(3.0 cr; Prereq-5101 or #; spring, every year) Theory/application of electrical stimulation in areas of therapeutic/functional neuromuscular stimulation and pain control, cardiac pacing, defibrillation, tissue healing, and electrotherapy. Safety of electric fields. Electrical tissue impedance measurements.

**BMEN 5351 - Cell Engineering**
(3.0 cr; Prereq-[2501 or 5501], CSCI 1107, [Math 2243 or Math 2373], [IT upper div or grad student or #]; fall, spring, offered when feasible) Engineering approaches to cell-related phenomena important to cell/tissue engineering. Receptor/ligand binding. Trafficking/signaling processes. Applications to cell proliferation, adhesion, and motility. Cell-matrix interactions.

**PHARMACOLOGY**

**PHCL 5110 – Introduction to Pharmacology**
(3.0 cr; Prereq-Grad student or #; A-F or Aud, fall, every year) Basic principles of Pharmacology. Focuses on molecular mechanisms of drug action

**PHYSIOLOGY COURSES**

**PHSL 4021 - Advanced Physiology and Bioengineering: Bionic Human**
(3.0 cr; Prereq-3061 or 3063 or 5061 or #; A-F only, spring, every year) "Six million dollar man" theme used to present physiology of different organ systems. Human organs versus advanced synthetic devices. Artificial heart, kidney, lung. Eye versus digital camera. Artificial intelligence of pattern recognition. Web-based course.

**PHSL 5095 - Problems in Physiology**
(1.0 - 5.0 cr [max 20.0 cr]; Prereq-#; fall, spring, summer, every year) Individualized study in physiology. Students address selected problem through library or lab research, supervised by physiology faculty.
PHSL 5444 - Muscle
(3.0 cr; = [BIOC 5444]; Prereq-3061 or 3071 or 5061 or BioC 3021 or BioC 4331 or #; spring, every year) Muscle membranes: structures, mechanisms, and physiological roles of channels/pumps. Muscle contraction: force generation by actin/myosin.

PHSL 5510 - Advanced Cardiac Physiology and Anatomy (Short Course)
(2.0 - 3.0 cr [max 2.0 cr]; Prereq-#; spring, every year) Fundamental concepts, advanced topics related to clinical/biomedical cardiac physiology. Lectures, laboratories, workshops, anatomical dissections. Intense, one week course, in early January.

PHSL 5525 - Anatomy and Physiology of the Pelvis and Urinary System (Short Course)
(1.0 - 2.0 cr [max 2.0 cr]; Prereq-#; spring, every year) Fundamental concepts and advanced topics related to Pelvic Physiology. Lectures, laboratories, workshops, anatomical dissections. Intense, 3-day course, in early January.

PHSL 8222 - Central Regulation of Autonomic Function
(3.0 cr; = [NSC 8222]; Prereq-NSC 5561 or #; A-F or Aud) Neural/hormonal sensory pathways affecting central autonomic nuclei involved in maintenance of homeostasis. Current research on physiological control systems at cellular, organ, and integrative levels. Offered fall of odd-numbered years. This class is not offered every year.

BIOMEDICAL NEUROSCIENCE

NSC 5540 - Advanced Survey of Biomedical Neuroscience (Short Course)
(2.0 cr; Prereq-#; intended for members of biomedical community or students with advanced scientific backgrounds; summer, every year) Current topics in biomedical neuroscience, accompanied by supporting, fundamental concepts. Intensive, one week course.

METABOLISM

GCD 4134 - Endocrinology
(3.0 cr; Prereq-Biol 3211 or Biol/BioC 3021 or BioC 4331 or #) Survey of structure and function of invertebrate and vertebrate endocrine systems.

BIOC 8006 – Biochemistry: Metabolism and Control
(2.0 cr; Enzymology of metabolism, metabolic regulation, metabolic control and cell signaling. Second half of term.

NUTR 8620 – Obesity Prevention, from the molecule to the bedside – beginning Fall 2018
(2.0 cr; This course will cover research topics in obesity prevention at a graduate level. Starting with second week, a professor will review a topic area, and a student will present one assigned refereed research paper in the area, to be discussed by the class. All students will submit a weekly written critique of the manuscript, prior to the discussion.

OTHER

BIOL 8100 – Improvisation for Scientists. 1 cr. Fall sem
# Appendix D

## Sample PhD Curriculum

### YEAR 1

#### Fall Semester Credits
- ANSC 5700 – Cell Physiology 4
- PHSL 8294 – Lab rotations 2-3
- PHSL 5096 – Seminar 1
- GCD 5036 – Molecular Cell Bio 3
  *(possible Molecular/cell course)*

#### Spr Semester Credits
- PHSL 5101 – Medical Physiology 5
- PHSL 8232 – Critical Reading 2
  *(in conjunction with 5101)*
- PHSL 8294 – Lab rotations 2-3
- PHSL 5096 – Seminar 1
- BIOC 8401 – Bioethics 1

### YEAR 2

#### Fall Semester Credits
- PHSL 5701 – Phys Lab TA 2
- PHSL 5096 – Seminar 1
- PUBH 6450 – Biostatistics 4
  *(possible biostatistics course)*
- PHSL 8888 – Thesis credits

#### Spr Semester Credits
- *PHSL 8242 – Prof Skills Dev for Bio-Medical scientists (grant writing)* 2
- PHSL 5096 – Seminar 1
- PHSL 5197 – Stress Physiology 1
- GCD 4134 – Endocrinology 3
  *(possible supporting program course)*
- PHSL 8888 – Thesis credits

#### Summer
- *Not always offered every year
- Give Seminar

### YEAR 3

#### Fall Semester Credits
- PHSL 8888 1
- Or PHSL 8444 1

#### Spr Semester Credits
- PHSL 8444 1

#### Summer
- Give Seminar & Chalk Talk

### YEAR 4-5

#### Fall Semester Credits
- PHSL 8444 1

#### Spr Semester Credits
- PHSL 8444 1

#### Summer
- Give Seminar & Chalk Talk

## Notes:
- IBP Doctoral degree = 55 credits – a minimum of 31 graduate-level course credits and a minimum of 24 thesis credits (PHSL 8888).
- After successfully passing the Oral Preliminary Exam, students can register for 1 credit of PHSL 8444. (This is an Advanced Doctoral status that can be taken only after all coursework, thesis credits and Preliminary Oral Exam has been completed. No other credits can be taken with PHSL 8444).
- Each term, students should register for a minimum of 6 credits, 14 is the maximum.
## Appendix E
### Sample MD/PhD Curriculum

### YEAR 1

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Semester</th>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Credits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Fall</td>
<td>ANSC 5700 – Cell Physiology</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>PHSL 5096 – Seminar</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>PUBH 6450 – Biostatistics</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(possible biostats option)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>PHSL 8888 – Thesis credits</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spr</td>
<td>PHSL 8232 – Critical Reading</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>PHSL 5096 – Seminar</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>PHSL 8242 – Prof Skills Dev for Bio-Medical scientists (grant writing)</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>PHSL 8888 – Thesis credits</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Summer</td>
<td>PHSL 8888 – Thesis credits</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### YEAR 2

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Semester</th>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Credits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Fall</td>
<td>PHSL 5701 – Phys Lab TA</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(optional)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>PHSL 8888 – Thesis credits</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Preliminary Oral Examination taken no later than end of Fall Semester year 2.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spr YR 2 and Beyond</td>
<td>PHSL 8444</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spr</td>
<td>PHSL 8888 – Thesis credits</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Summer</td>
<td>Give Seminar &amp; Chalk Talk</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### NOTES:
- Doctoral degree = 55 credits – a minimum of 31 graduate-level course credits and a minimum of 24 thesis credits (PHSL 8888).
- After successfully passing the Oral Preliminary Exam, students can register for 1 credit of PHSL 8444. (This is an Advanced Doctoral status that can be taken only after all coursework, thesis credits and Preliminary Oral Exam has been completed. No other credits can be taken with PHSL 8444).
- Each term, students should register for a minimum of 6 credits, 14 is the maximum.
**Appendix F**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Please refer to Appendix I often for degree completion steps. Also found here.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

## Year 1 Checklist

**July/August**
- Send DGS/GPC lab preferences
- Enroll in classes for Fall Semester (GPC will help you with this)
- Meet with DGS to choose mentor for 1st lab rotation

**Fall Semester**
- Coursework
- Lab rotation – 10-20 hrs/week
- Meet with DGS to choose 2nd lab rotation (mid to end of 1st semester)

**Spring Semester**
- Coursework
- Lab rotation – 10-20 hrs/week

**End of Spring Semester**
- Take Preliminary Written Exam (PWE)

**Summer**
- Lab rotation if needed
- Select a Thesis Advisor (faculty advisor)

## Year 2 Checklist

**Fall Semester**
- Coursework
- Lab research

**Spring Semester**
- Coursework
- Lab research
- Complete online GPAS for approval
  One stop site: [https://onestop.umn.edu/academics/gpas](https://onestop.umn.edu/academics/gpas)

**Summer**
- Give seminar
- Write thesis research proposal
- Establish an Oral Prelim Committee - 4-5 (3-4 from IBP and 1 outside IBP)

## Year 3 Checklist

**Fall Semester**
- *Register for 1 credit of PHSL 8444
  * (only if OPE has been completed, otherwise register for thesis credits (PHSL 8888)

**Spring Semester**
- *Register for 1 credit of PHSL 8444

**Summer**
- Give seminar & Chalk talk
- Schedule thesis committee meeting/Annual Progress Review

## Year 4 & 5 Checklist

**Fall Semester**
- Register for 1 credit of PHSL 8444

**Spring Semester**
- Register for 1 credit of PHSL 8444
- Thesis writing - details: [https://onestop.umn.edu/academics/thesisdissertation-submission-and-formatting](https://onestop.umn.edu/academics/thesisdissertation-submission-and-formatting)

**Summer**
- Give seminar & Chalk Talk
- Schedule thesis committee meeting/Annual Progress Review

Please refer to the thesis defense handbook.
Appendix G

Graduate Program in Integrative Biology and Physiology

Laboratory Research Rotation
Goals and Expectations

Dates of Rotation:
Rotation Mentor:
Rotation Student:

Brief description of rotation project and expectations of Mentor:

Please return to:
1) Cathy Kotz, kotzx004@umn.edu and Jane Barnard, mayhe001@umn.edu
2) Rotating student
Appendix H

Graduate Program in Integrative Biology and Physiology

Laboratory Research Rotation Assessment Form

Dates of rotation:
Rotation mentor:
Rotation student:
Grade for rotation (S/N):

Brief description of rotation project and expectations of mentor:

Brief assessment of the success of the rotation (please include strengths and weaknesses of the student):

Please return to:
1) Cathy Kotz, kotzx004@umn.edu and Jane Barnard, mayhe001@umn.edu
2) Rotating student
Appendix I

DEGREE COMPLETION STEPS

Doctor of Philosophy
Doctor of Education

Students eligible to use the Graduate Planning & Audit System will follow the degree completion steps below. Contact Graduate Student Services and Progress if you are unsure whether you are completing your degree using the Graduate Planning & Audit System or paper Graduate Degree Plan.

In order to receive your degree, the following steps must be completed. You must maintain active student status by registering every fall and spring semester until your degree is awarded. Contact your program advisor for program-specific requirements and deadlines.

1. Submit Graduate Planning & Audit System (GPAS) planner
   Submit at least one semester prior to your preliminary oral exam.

2. Assign members to preliminary oral exam committee
   Complete at least one semester prior to exam at:
   https://onestop.umn.edu/examination-committees

3. Complete Preliminary Written Exam
   Program staff report results to GSSP. Must be on file with GSSP to be authorized to take preliminary oral exam.

4. Schedule preliminary oral exam
   Notify GSSP of scheduled exam at least one week in advance.

5. Submit Preliminary Oral Report
   Submit for your record to reflect doctoral candidacy.

6. Assign members to doctoral final exam committee
   Complete at least one semester prior to exam at:
   https://onestop.umn.edu/examination-committees

7. Download Graduation Packet
   Packet will include the Graduate Application for Degree form and Reviewers’ Report form.

8. Schedule doctoral final exam
   Notify GSSP of scheduled exam as soon as the date is set but no later than one week in advance.

9. Apply to Graduate
   Apply to graduate no later than the first day of the anticipated month of graduation. Application instructions are available:
   https://onestop.umn.edu/academics/apply-graduate

10. Submit Reviewers’ Report
    Submit prior to your defense.

11. Submit Doctoral Final Exam Report
    Submit no later than the last business day of anticipated month of graduation.

12. Submit dissertation/project
    The dissertation must be submitted and approved by GSSP by the last working day of the anticipated month of graduation. Please plan accordingly. Consult Graduation Packet for formatting guidelines.
    https://onestop.umn.edu/thesisdissertation-submission-and-formatting

Questions? Contact Graduate Student Services and Progress office (333 Brunininks Hall)
gssp@umn.edu
(612) 625-3490
https://onestop.umn.edu/contact-gssp